# DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SEMINAR SERIES FALL 2019

DATE: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 2019

LOCATION: TIERNAN HALL LECTURE 1 TIME: 1:00-2:20PM

## **GUEST SPEAKER**

Dr. Ezra Wood Department of Chemistry Drexel University Philadelphia, PA

#### **TOPIC**

"Ozone Photochemistry in San Antonio and Elsewhere"

## ABSTRACT

The US air quality standard for the air pollutant ozone  $(O_3)$  was recently lowered to 70 parts per billion (ppb). Many cities now find themselves in violation of this AQS, including San Antonio. Since  $O_3$  is photochemically formed and not emitted directly, efforts to reduce ambient  $O_3$  concentations require knowledge of the underlying non-linear formation chemistry involving volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NOx). During May of 2017, our group made measurements of the relevant radical chemistry involving these precursors in San Antonio using our recently-developed "Ethane Chemical Amplifier" peroxy radical sensor. We show that at our measurement sites, ozone formation was limited by the availability of NOx, suggesting that reductions of NOx emissions would be the most effective method to reduce  $O_3$  concentrations. We combine these measurements with photochemical air quality models and separate work on quantifying NOx emissions to assess the future of photochemical smog in San Antonio and Philadelphia. 

# <u>BIO</u>

Ezra Wood received his BA in chemistry from Rutgers (New Brunswick) in 1997 and his PhD from the University of California at Berkeley in 2004 where his research focused on development of laser-induced fluorescence methods for quantifying nitrogen oxides. From 2005 to 2010 he was a research scientist at Aerodyne Research, from 2010 to 2016 he was a Research Assistant Professor and Lecturer at the University of Massachusetts - Amherst, and since 2016 he has been an associate professor in the department of chemistry at Drexel University in Philadelphia. His research has focused on quantification of pollutant emissions, development of new techniques for quantifying trace pollutants, and field studies of photochemistry